

1 納棺師 (亡くなった人を棺に納める人) を主人公とした映画に関する次の英文を読み、それに続く問いに答えなさい。

Have you seen the film *Okuribito*? It won the Academy Award* in 2009. (1) And do you know (in / this / is / called / film / what) English? It is *Departures*. *Departure* means the start of a journey*. Why is *Okuribito* called *Departures*? Here is the story of the film.

The main character*, Kobayashi Daigo, loses his job in Tokyo. He decides to go back to his old hometown in Yamagata with his wife Mika to look (①) work. He finds a *Help Wanted Advertisement**. It says, "Helping the start of a journey." He thinks it is an advertisement for a travel agency*. (2) He is looking forward to a new job in the travel industry*.

He arrives for the interview*, then he sees coffins* in the office. It is a job for a *nokanshi*. This job is to clean bodies of the dead* and to put makeup* on them before they are put in the coffins. The job is to prepare the dead for their entry into (3) the next life. He asks the company owner, Sasaki, "What kind of company is it? The advertisement says, 'Helping Journeys.'" Sasaki answers, "Oh, Don't worry. It's just a small mistake."

Sasaki is getting old, and needs someone to help him with his job. (4) Sasaki is a man (A) has a strong will that he is giving an important service to their community. Daigo can't find the clear reason to be a *nokanshi*. But he starts to work at this company.

At first, Daigo wants to quit* this job. The job to treat* dead bodies is too hard. His wife, his old friends and others look down on the job. Specially, Mika has bad feelings (②) her husband's new job. She even leaves home once.

But Daigo understands this job is important. Sasaki is right. Daigo learns a deep respect* for life. He takes pride* in his work and begins to be a *nokanshi*. And he acts as a gentle gatekeeper* (③) life and death. Daigo learns to treat the departed* with great respect. Mika also begins to understand his feelings when she sees him working. She grows (④) as a person, too.

There are two kinds of *departures* in this film. One is a *departure* for the dead. The other is for the living. Daigo and Mika grow as human beings. They make a new *departure* in life.

Academy Award アカデミー賞 journey 旅 character 登場人物
Help Wanted Advertisement 求人広告 travel agency 旅行会社 travel industry 旅行業界
 interview (採用) 面接 coffin 棺 the dead 死者 makeup 化粧
 quit 辞める treat 扱う respect 尊敬の念 pride 誇り
 (gentle) gatekeeper (気性の穏やかな) 門番 the departed 亡くなった人

京都産業大学附属高等学校
 平成22年度 入学試験問題

英語

注意事項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまでこの問題を開いてはいけません。
2. 問題は5ページ、解答用紙は1枚です。
3. 試験開始の合図で、解答用紙と問題に受験番号、氏名、中学校名を
はっきり記入しなさい。
4. 解答時間は50分です。

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| 受験番号 | 氏名 | 中学校名 | 中学校 |
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問1 下線(1)が「あなたははこの映画が英語で何と呼ばれているか知っていますか。」という意味になるように()内の語を正しく並べ換えなさい。

問2 (①) ~ (④) に入る適語を次の語群から選んで答えなさい。ただし、同じものを2度使ってははいけません。

for about up between

問3 下線(2)を日本語に訳しなさい。

問4 下線(3)は具体的に何を指していますか。日本語で答えなさい。

問5 下線(4)が「佐々木は地域に対して重要な貢献をしているという強い意思を持った男である。」という意味になるよう、(A)に入る適語を答えなさい。

問6 次の質問に主語と動詞を含む英文で答えなさい。

- 1) What does Daigo see in the office when he arrives for the interview?
- 2) What are the two kinds of departures in this film?

問7 本文の内容について述べられた次の各文から本文の内容に合うものを4つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- 1) The film *Departures* got the Academy Award in 2009.
- 2) Daigo decides to go back to Yamagata alone.
- 3) The advertisement Daigo finds is for a travel agency.
- 4) A *nokanshi* puts the dead in the coffins after he cleans their bodies and puts makeup on them.
- 5) Sasaki wants someone to work with him because he is getting old.
- 6) At first, Mika doesn't think that *Nokanshi* is a good job.
- 7) Daigo understands how important his job is, but Mika never does.

2 次の各対話文で [I], [II] のそれぞれの条件に従って () に入る適語を語群から選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示してあります。

[I] 同じものを何度使っても構いません。

- 1) A : () those students your classmates then?
B : No. They belonged to Ms. Matsumoto's class.
- 2) A : () you often visit this website?
B : Yes. I visit it every day. It's my favorite one.
- 3) A : Is Mr. Baker in this hotel now?
B : No. But he () here a few hours ago.
- 4) A : () he playing the guitar now in the studio?
B : No. He doesn't play the guitar, does he?
- 5) A : You couldn't get in the park at 5 o'clock, could you?
B : No, I couldn't. Because the gate () closed at 4:30.

A are I do U is E were O was C does

[II] 同じものを2度使ってははいけません。

- 1) A : Excuse me, but where is Goshō*?
B : Turn to the right, () you will see the woods and walls of it.
*御所 (京都御苑)
- 2) A : Do you want a new bicycle?
B : Yes, () I must ask my father first.
- 3) A : Wash your hands () you eat.
B : I've already washed them.
- 4) A : How was the game? Did you enjoy it?
B : Well, I lost my ticket, () I couldn't see it.
- 5) A : You'll be late for school again () you don't get up now.
B : No, I won't. It's a holiday today, Mom!

A and I if U so E but O before

3 各文の () 内の語を正しい形に直しなさい。必要に応じて適語を補いなさい。

- 1) She has just finished (clean) her room.
- 2) We enjoyed (ride) a horse in the park.
- 3) I'm going to ask him (leave) his office at five and come home early every evening.
- 4) Who is the man (walk) with a dog?
- 5) We can get clothes (make) in China in many Internet shops.

4 各文の () に入る適語を語群から選んで答えなさい。ただし、同じ語を2度使っては
いけません。また、文頭にくる語も小文字で示してあります。

I cannot make fruit cakes (①) than Yuka, but I can make fruit salad as (②) as she can. Her family has a nice garden. Their garden is (③) beautiful than ours. They grow not (④) flowers but also fruit.

Her family are good (⑤) growing fruit. We also grow fruit. Their fruit is as (⑥) as ours. I once asked Yuka, “(⑦) do you like better, fruit (⑧) flowers in your garden?”

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| good | better | much | well | more | what | which | at | and | or | only |
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5 日本人に合うように () に入る適語を答えなさい。

- 1) 彼女は幸せそうに見えます。
She () ().
- 2) 子どもの頃、ケンも私もイチョロより速く走ることができました。
Ken and I () () to run () than Ichiro when we were children.
- 3) 私にとって歴史を学ぶことは大切です。
() is important () me () () history.
- 4) 国語の先生は誰ですか。
() () you Japanese?
- 5) 私は新型のオーディオプレーヤーを買うためにお金を貯めました。
I saved money () () a new type of audio player.

6 日本文の意味を表わすように各文の () 内の①～⑥の語句を並べ換え、使わない語句1つを除き、使用する番号を順に答えなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示してあります。

- 1) ニュースによると、夕方には雨になるそうだ。
(① by ② it ③ the news ④ rain ⑤ will ⑥ says) this evening.
- 2) 彼女は父からのメールを見て悲しくなりました。
(① her father ② became ③ sad ④ her ⑤ made ⑥ the mail from).
- 3) 新しい制服は気に入りましたか。
(① how ② do ③ think ④ your ⑤ like ⑥ you) new school uniform?
- 4) 私にパソコンを貸してくれるなんてあなたはとても親切ですね。
(① very kind ② you ③ are ④ is ⑤ it ⑥ of) to lend me your personal computer.
- 5) すいません。相国寺にはどうやって行くのですか。
Excuse me, but (① how to get ② me ③ could ④ tell ⑤ the way to ⑥ you) Shokokuji-temple?
- 6) この学校では、柔道は生徒が練習しなければならないスポーツです。
In this school, (① the students ② the sport ③ is ④ judo ⑤ have ⑥ must) to practice.
- 7) 彼に誕生日の贈り物を買いましたか。
(① to ② did ③ you ④ a birthday present ⑤ buy ⑥ him)?
- 8) 彼らが歌った歌は素晴らしいか。
(① sang ② it ③ they ④ was ⑤ which ⑥ the song) wonderful.

7 日本文の意味を表わすように英文を作りなさい。

- 1) 彼女はどれくらいの間、英語を学んでいますか。
- 2) この手紙はいつ書かれましたか。

英 語 解 答 用 紙

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|------------------------------|--|---|-------|---|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | 問1 | And do you know () English? | | | | | | | | |
| | 問2 | ① | | ② | | ③ | | ④ | | |
| | 問3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 問4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 問5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 問6 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 問7 | | | | | (順不同) | | | | | |

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| 小計 | |
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| 2 | [I] | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | |
| | [II] | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | |

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| 3 | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | |
| | 4 | | 5 | | | |

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| 小計 | |
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| 4 | ① | | ② | | ③ | | ④ | |
| | ⑤ | | ⑥ | | ⑦ | | ⑧ | |

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| 小計 | |
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| 5 | 1 | () () |
| | 2 | () () to run () |
| | 3 | () () me () () |
| | 4 | () () |
| | 5 | () () |

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| 小計 | |
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| 6 | 1 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 2 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 3 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 4 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 5 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 6 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 7 | | → | | → | | → | | → |
| | 8 | | → | | → | | → | | → |

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| 小計 | |
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| 7 | 1 | |
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英語 解答用紙 (解答例)

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|----|----|--|---------|-----------|--------------|--------|----|
| 1 | 問1 | And do you know (what this film is called in) English? | | | | 2点 | |
| | 問2 | ① for | ② about | ③ between | ④ up | 2点×4=8 | |
| | 問3 | 彼は新しい仕事を楽しみにしています。(している) | | | | 2点 | |
| | 問4 | 「あの世」他、「死後の世界」など | | | 2点 | | |
| | 問5 | who (that可) | | 2点 | | | |
| | 問6 | 1 He sees coffins. | | | | | 小計 |
| | | 2 One is a departure for the dead. The other is for the living. | | | | | |
| 問7 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | (順不同) 2点×4=8 | 3点×2=6 | |
| | | | | | | 小計 | 30 |

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| 2 | [I] | 1 | エ | 2 | イ | 3 | オ | 4 | ウ | 5 | オ | 2点×10=20 | 小計 | 20 |
| | [II] | 1 | ア | 2 | エ | 3 | オ | 4 | ウ | 5 | イ | | | |

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| 3 | 1 | cleaning | 2 | riding | 3 | to leave | 2点×5=10 | 小計 | 10 |
| | 4 | walking | 5 | made | | | | | |

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|---|---|--------|---|------|---|-------|---|------|--------|----|---|
| 4 | ① | better | ② | well | ③ | more | ④ | only | 1点×8=8 | 小計 | 8 |
| | ⑤ | at | ⑥ | good | ⑦ | Which | ⑧ | or | | | |

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| 5 | 1 | (looks) (happy) | 完全解答 2点×5=10 | 小計 | 10 |
| | 2 | (were) (able) to run (faster) | | | |
| | 3 | (It) (for) me (to) (learn) | | | |
| | 4 | (Who) (teaches) | | | |
| | 5 | (to) (buy) | | | |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|----|----|
| 6 | 1 | 3 | → | 6 | → | 2 | → | 5 | → | 4 | 2点×8=16 | 小計 | 16 |
| | 2 | 6 | → | 1 | → | 5 | → | 4 | → | 3 | | | |
| | 3 | 1 | → | 2 | → | 6 | → | 5 | → | 4 | | | |
| | 4 | 5 | → | 4 | → | 1 | → | 6 | → | 2 | | | |
| | 5 | 3 | → | 6 | → | 4 | → | 2 | → | 5 | | | |
| | 6 | 4 | → | 3 | → | 2 | → | 1 | → | 5 | | | |
| | 7 | 2 | → | 3 | → | 5 | → | 6 | → | 4 | | | |
| | 8 | 6 | → | 5 | → | 3 | → | 1 | → | 4 | | | |

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| 7 | 1 | How long has she learned English ? | 3点×2=6 | 小計 | 6 |
| | 2 | When was this letter written ? | | | |

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